Ohaga Paul

warm gush hits your nose as the vapours are swept by L Slow moving winds across the shores of Lake Victoria. Even in the dead silence of the night, one can hear the lake breathing, Kisumu is a whole new world. As dawn breaks, birds start chirping,

bells ring. A new day has begun. Like the early bird rushing for the late worm, cyclists go for the early risers. It is not a fight. The whole town is turned into a battlefield as the wheeled birds compete for attentio waking even the heaviest of sleepers.

From the East, West, South North, left, right, the bods bods criss-cross each other, moving from everywhere to nowhere in particular, sometimes narrowly missing a car or pedestrian. If you have never been here, you would be struck still in

The lakeside circ was recently celebrated as the cleanest town in Kenya. Bu its image is far from this Not with the chaotic traffic, bieveles scattered practically everywhere, and hawkers spread all over

One 9 O'clock, I wipe my sweatdrenched brow. Yes, it can get real hot by nine in the morning, I am dehydrated and thirsty. By merely stepping out of my house, I look like I need a boda boda.

Choosing one is the biggest problem. They are so many. So after some hussling and negotiating, I climb on a 'souped up' one. We jerk off, the wheels revving against the

When I first came to Kisumu, I had very high expectations. This is the hometown of Kenya's most reknown politician, Rails Odinga. Its lake was also famous for the huge masses of the frightening water hyacinth.

I have been so suprised by what I see. This is the only town whose residents speak exclusively in their mother tongue. Every business is conducted in Dholuo. Men in Kisumu prefer Safari boots and slippers while for women the fake hair phenomena has really got into them. Back to the situation at hand. Am almost at the main stage. The bicycle is speedily cruising and I can hardly hold my breath.

Am not so sure I will reach my destination safely. My driver (oops! sorry, pilot), relishes ever moment of the air ride. He is making some real salar rath moves in as he deftly dodges the piling jam along the Jome Kenyatta Highway. I sink my palms onto the handle and close my eyes s we miss hitting a matatu at the

Kenyatra sports ground roundabout. When I finally gather courage to open my eyes, a group of bemused boda boda operators are all eyes on

I fish into my pockets and give his moe, then her mus the passing crowd I discover I have reached the hear of town, the pulse of boda bodas, it is known as "Guba."

This is the main entrance to the main bus stage. Another looks at me rather cautiouisis and I am tempted to ask why

The lakeside town heaves in a sea of countless, colourful bicycles

One, whom I later learn is known as Odoyo says, "they think you are a police offcer. They think you want to arrest

This area is known to be the most dangerous of all the stages. So why is it called Guba? Odoyo tells me that the spot was named after Guba in Iraq.

"Almost excatly what happens in Iraq is what occurs here. You can get killed at anytime, be arrested by Municipal askaris or police. We also fight for customers frequentry'. A group approches me and I foolishly say, I will walk.'

But I don't know what trouble I am getting myself into. Walking along Kisumu sereets is harder than crossing Nairobi's Uhuru Highway.

The emergence of boda boda bicycle transport in Kisumu can be traced to 1994 and even further back to the border town of Busia. It flourished because it supported the smuggling of goods across the Kenya - Uganda border, hence its

The low investment and maintenance costs, its convience in areas not served by regular motoriseed transport have made it even more popular in smaller village towns across the country.

However, there were no provisions made in the Kisumu Master plan drawn

years ago and hence areas like bicycle tracks, parking bays and bicyle lanes were not provided for.

This oversight has led to mammoth increase of accidents and congestion on the town's roads. A bicycle traffic survey conducted in 2004 by the Sustainable Urban Mobilty at selected points and busy roads across the city showed that the highest point of concentration is around the Jomo Kenyatta Highway with 48,610 bodas plying along that route. Other areas are Gumbi road, Nairobi road and Otieno Oyoo road which share a minimum of 9,000 bodas The total number by that time was 88. 192. Howewer, this higher figure could be more because as far as the Executive secretary of Central Body of Kisumu Bicycle transporters Mr. there are some peolpe who are not registered. This huge influx of biccle into the town has ld major conflictsb within the existing transportation challengin both Traffic Police Deprement and the Munucipal Authorities, and even the residents are spared. Rose Alelo who has been a resident of Kisumu for five years shares her distaste."When these bicycle opretors came to town they were friendly and tolerable now thy are a nuisance they iam all roads streets and avenues. You

can hardly walk". However Rose is quick to add that they do help but currently their dements are more than the merits. According to Municipal Council of Kisumu employee who did not t wish her name revealed says that Boda has crippled their operation she adds that the bicycles jam all the entrances to the stage making it hard for vehicles to pass yet the counicl gets no revenue from them. The same sentiments are shared by the Nyanza Provincial Police Officer Grace Kaindi

Kaindi who desribes the traffic of Kisumu as chaotic' says the cyclists have made police work impossible. "The police have really a big problem down here.

Odhiambo speaking on behalf of the Traffic Base Commander says the police receives reports on boda boda related accidents on a daily basis.

They cause obstructions poor cordination and fee flow of traffic. They have invaded highways, they park anywhere. It is not fun walking along the streets of Kisumu anymore.

